







PLASTIC BACK PRESSURE REGULATOR LPS®I

inline design DN 50

esign | | | DN 50 | | |

Application

This pressure relief valve has been specially designed to limit the pressure of aggressive gases in chemical plant-engineering tanks. Together with our LPR pressure reducing valves, pressure blanketing/ventilation can be realised easily and reliably.

Design

The large proportioned, spring-loaded diaphragm actuator with directly-controlled valve seat ensures precise control with low hysteresis. The regulators function without auxillary power supply. High overpressure strength and safe regulator function is achieved by means of the supported diaphragm with long spindle guide. The regulator has a low degree of clearance volume.

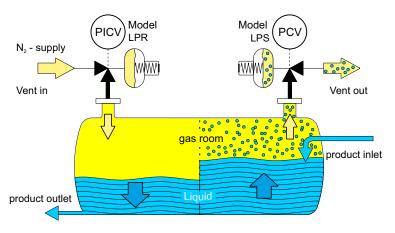
Description

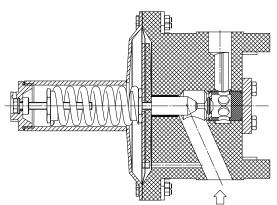
The components coming in contact with the product are manufactured from plastic PP/PP_{el}., PVDF, ECTFE or Tantalum. The diaphragm and seals are made of PTFE and the regulator seat is made of perfluoroelastomer (FFKM: Isolast®, Chemraz®, Kalrez®) as standard.

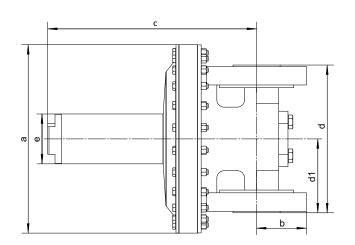
These materials guarantee high corrosion resistance and excellent sealing, even at zero flow.

Technical data		
Nominal diameter:	DN 50 / 2"	
Regulating range P1:	L	to 500 mbar
Inlet pressure P1:	max. 6 bar	
Vakuum proof		
Pressure connections:	Flange	
Weight:	PP 6,2 kg PVDF 4,2 kg ECTFE 11 kg	
*Temperature:	PP, PP _{el.} PVDF ECTFE	-20 ° to + 80 °C -20 ° to +140 °C -20 ° to +160 °C
Testing and inspection:	According to I	EC 60534-4
Pressure tightness:	Bubble tight se	ealing category VI

^{*}Dependent on pressure conditions







Model dimensions	pressure connection	а	b	С	d	d1	e
LPSI-050 in plastic design	DN25 PN10 ANSI 1" 150 lbs	Ø 204	82	270	200	100	Ø54



INSTRUM

BINDERGROUP







MODEL CODE LPS®I PLASTIC

inline design DN 50

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	Design		Nominal diameter DN/ pressure connection		Flow capacity		Regulating pressure range		Material		Options		Specials																																		
LP	S		ı	_	050		-		-		-		-	•	-	Xn																															

2 Nominal diameter DN/ Pressure connection

D Flange: DIN EN 1092-1, DN 50 PN 16 A Flange: ANSI B 16.5, 2 " 150 lbs

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- 5		w	Са	073	CILV

20 Seat ø32 mm kv = 9.8

FI	Flow table for seat 32 [flow quantities in Nm³/h]												
Р	1 [mbar rel	.] 2	5	10	16	25	40	50	80	100	160	250	400
-	Atm.	12	18	26	33	41	52	59	74	83	101	131	165
[mbar rel.]	-2	16	22	29	35	43	54	60	75	84	102	131	166
P2 [mt	-5	26	26	32	38	46	56	62	76	85	103	132	167
	-10	29	32	37	42	49	59	64	79	87	105	134	168

It is recommended to design for operation at a maximum of 70% of the flow values. P1 = regulating pressure

4 Regulating pressure range P1 (mbar)

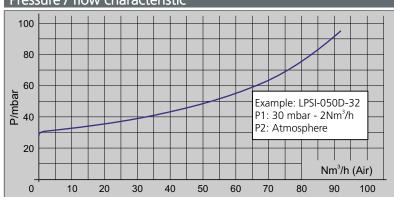
L01	2 to 10	L10	16 to 100
L02	4 to 20	L20	30 to 200
L05	8 to 50	L50	on request

5 Material

ir	Housing/ nternal components/ upper section	Seat seal			Diaphragm/ Regulating range			
Р	PP/PP/PP	K	FFKM	Р	PTFE/ L			
Υ	PP/PVDF/PP	С	FFKM kon- forms to FDA	F	*PTFE/ L			
D	PVDF/PVDF/PP							
V	PVDF/PVDF/PVDF							
Ε	PPel./PVDF/PPel.							
Т	ECTFE/Tantalum/SS							

The housing/internal components/spring housing, seat and diaphragms can be combined in any order.

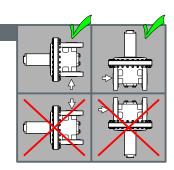
Pressure / flow characteristic



Installation

The preferred installation position is with vertical diaphragm housing and horizontal input. Pressure fixed unit is adjusted in this position. The output pressure increases by approximately 4 mbar for installation with horizontal diaphragm housing.

The installation position must be specified.



6 Options

E BSP 1/4" external impulse connection

7 Specials

- X0 If you require, for example, PED, special connections,
 X1 rain hood ..., please enter an X in this field with the
 X2 number of desired Specials. Each of the specials must
- be described in writing. The analysis of materials
 3.1 B and ATEX certificates cannot be issued for plastic models.

For special versions and certifications, please contact the manufacturer or the appropriate sales representative.

Mounting and start up

- Before connecting the pressure regulator please make sure
- 1.1 to compare the plant data with the name
- 2 LPSI adjust overflow pressure: (Relative pressure)
- 2.1 set a light flow (1 Nm³/h). Set the pressure +/- as required using a hexagonal wrench
- 1.2 the values marked on the name plate are the 2.2 the setting can be secured with a seal. values measured during our functional inspection
- 1.3 to check the corrosion resistance of the material
- 1.4 to blow out impurities in the pipes
- 1.5 to note the flow direction it is marked with an arrow on the housing
- 1.6 to open inlet pipes slowly.

^{*}PTFE with FKM back-up diaphragm